## SOLUTION TO:



The clues on the partly-eaten latkes on the left and right have the following answers:

## Thin, crisp cookie or cracker WAFER

Photographs or magazines on shiny paper GLOSSIES

Gathering grain or information GLEANING

People who give clues HINTERS
Sanctify HALLOW
German nobles who outrank counts MARGRAVES

The inv. function to $\log$ EXP Item that absorbs ink BLOTTER

Pseudonymous advice columnist

## Ann LANDERS

Bind to, say, an apprenticeship INDENTURE

Making mistakes ERRING
Old Peruvian people INCA
Powerball, say LOTTERY
Rotter CAD
False teeth DENTURES
Author of the "The Little
Mermaid" ANDERSEN

Tilting so as to rest against LEANING ON

## Artist Léger FERNAND

Most apt to discard information when compressing data LOSSIEST
Scatter seeds between and among other seeds INTERSOW
Most somber or serious GRAVEST
Drummer Starr RINGO
Permits ALLOWS
Kind of bean, horse, or Ford car PINTO

Each answer on the left can be matched up with one on the right so that they overlap (as hinted at by the latke shapes), and in each case the overlapping portion (which may or may not be a word) has one of the 12 properties enumerated in the middle; ordered by property, these are:

1. LANDERS \& ANDERSEN $\rightarrow$ L(ANDERS)EN; ANDERS is an anagram of a power tool (or "sander" for the Flurries).
2. GLOSSIES \& LOSSIEST $\rightarrow$ G(LOSSIES)T; LOSSIES contains three S's.
3. HALLOW \& ALLOWS $\rightarrow$ H(ALLOW)S; ALLOW is in alphabetical order.
4. INCA \& CAD $\rightarrow \mathrm{IN}(C A) D ; C$ and $A$ are both musical notes.
5. EXP \& PINTO $\rightarrow E X(P)$ INTO; $P$ is a homophone of "pea".
6. BLOTTER \& LOTTERY $\rightarrow \mathrm{B}($ LOTTER $) Y$; LOTTER has "tt" at its exact center.
7. GLEANING \& LEANING ON $\rightarrow$ G(LEANING)ON; LEANING contains the palindromic sequence "nin".
8. ERRING \& RINGO $\rightarrow$ ER(RING)O; moving the end of RING to the front yields "grin".
9. WAFER \& FERNAND $\rightarrow$ WA(FER)NAND; FER reversed is "ref".
10. MARGRAVES \& GRAVEST $\rightarrow$ MAR(GRAVES)T; GRAVES results from changing the first letter of "Braves".
11. INDENTURE \& DENTURES $\rightarrow$ IN(DENTURE)S; DENTURE starts with "den".
12. HINTERS \& INTERSOW $\rightarrow$ H(INTERS)OW; INTERS means "plants" in the sense of "buries".

In this order, the letters that are not in the overlapping portions spell LENGTHS INDEX INTO BYGONE ROWAN AND MARTIN SHOW. The "Rowan and Martin show" referred to is LAUGH-IN; taking the lengths of the overlapping portions in order ( $6,7,5,2,1,6,7,4,3,6,7,6$ ) and indexing into LAUGH-IN gives INHALINGUINI, which also consists of two overlapping words. The answer, as hinted at by the latkes at the end of the intro, is then the left-hand word followed by the right-hand word: INHALING LINGUINI.

